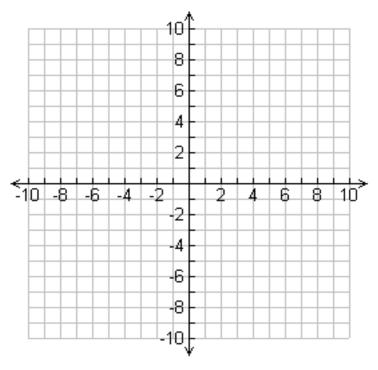
Warmup 
$$2/2\left(\frac{5}{2}+\frac{6}{2}\right)$$

1) Complete the table and use it to graph the function  $y = (x - 1)^2$ .

X	y
-2	
-1	
0	
1	
2	
3	
4	



2) There are three different ways you can tell that this function is not linear. Describe them all.

#### **QUIZ** Topics

- Naming angles correctly using 3 letters
- Measuring Angles with a protractor
- Complementary/Supplementary/Vertical
- Finding angle measures with parallel lines and a transversal
- Corresponding/Alternate Interior/Alternate
   Exterior/Same-side interior
- Angle sums of triangles (Today)

#### Table of Contents (2<sup>nd</sup> Semester)

- p. 1 Exponent Basics (1.2)
- p. 2 Zero and Negative Exponents (1.5)
- p. 3 Multiplying and Dividing Powers (1.3)
- p. 4 Power to a Power (1.4)
- p. 5 Scientific Notation (1.6)
- p. 6 Calculating with Scientific Notation (1.7)
- p. 7 Angle Basics
- p. 8 Angles formed by Parallel Lines
- p. 9 Angle Sums of a Triangle (Guided)

#### **BACK TO THIS PAGE!**

- Given two angles in a triangle, find the measure of the third
- Use <u>all</u> the angle rules we have learned
- Set up the correct equation based on how the diagram looks

# p. 393 (1, 2, 6, 8, 12, 14)

# Work must be shown on ALL problems!

1) 
$$x = 55$$

2) 
$$x = 57$$

6) 
$$x = 112$$

8) 
$$m \angle A = 47^{\circ}$$
  
 $m \angle B = 90^{\circ}$   
 $m \angle C = 43^{\circ}$ 

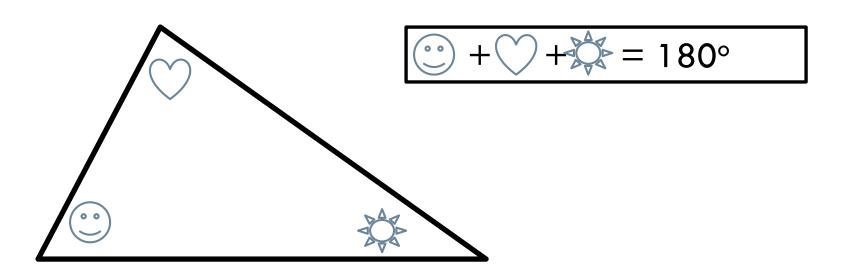
12) 53°, 55°, 72°

14) The "8x" should be a "9x." So x should be 20 instead of 22.5, and the angles would be 20°, 60°, and 100°.

#### **REMEMBER:**

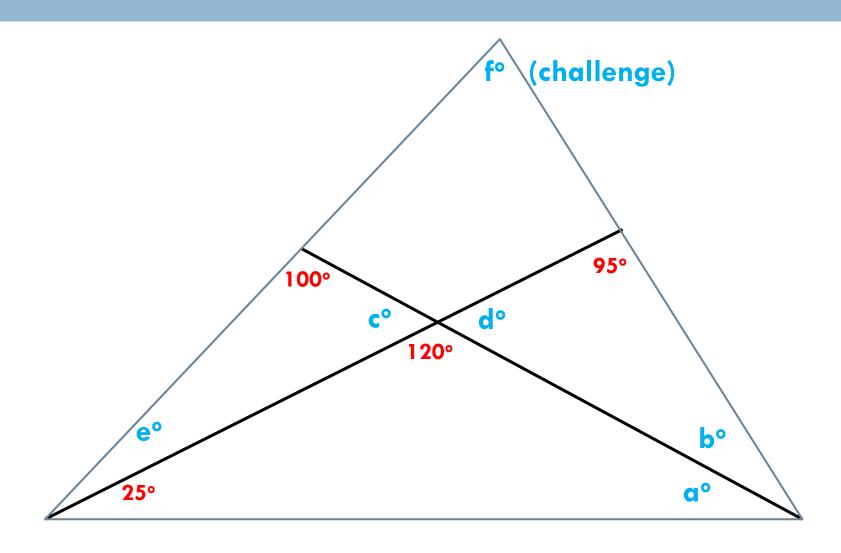
# Interior Angles of a Triangle:

■Their sum is always 180°!!!!!!



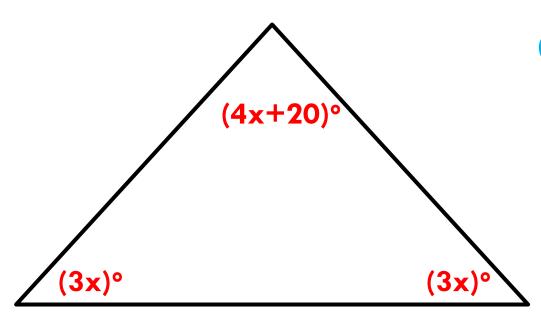
# Video: Angle sum of a triangle

# Find all angle measures:



#### Algebra Connection...

#### □ Find the measure of each angle:



$$(3x) + (3x) + (4x + 20) = 180$$
 $10x + 20 = 180$ 
 $10x = 160$ 
 $x = 16$ 

$$(3x) = 3 \cdot 16 = 48^{\circ}$$

$$(4x + 20) = 4 \cdot 16 + 20 = 84$$
 $48^{\circ}$ ,  $48^{\circ}$ ,  $84^{\circ}$ 

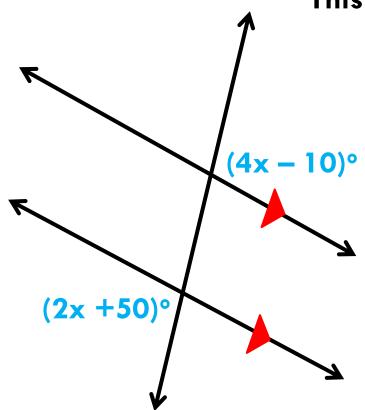
Check: 48 + 48 + 84 = 180!

# With algebra...

Find the value of x.

Type of Angles? Alternate Exterior

This means they are **Congruent** 



$$2x + 50 = 4x - 10$$

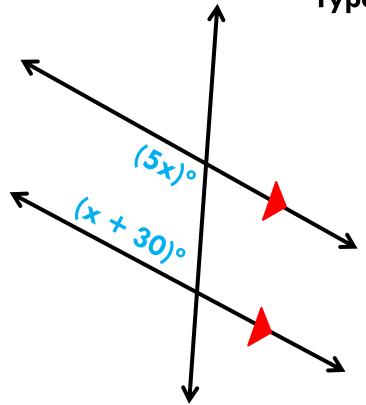
$$x = 30$$

# With algebra...

Find the measure of both angles.

This means they are **Same-Side Interior** 

Type of Angles? <u>Supplementary</u>



$$(5x) + (x + 30) = 180$$

$$6x + 30 = 180$$

$$x = 25$$

Top angle: 5•25 = 125°

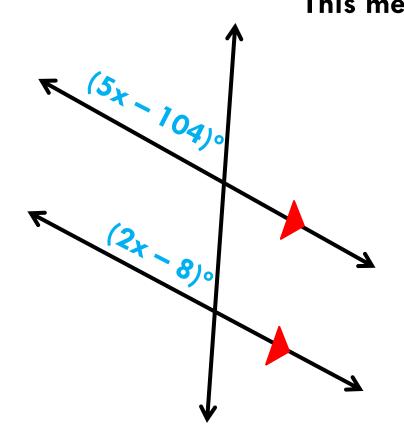
Bottom angle:  $25+30 = 55^{\circ}$ 

Check: 125 + 55 = 180!

# With algebra...

Find the measure of both angles.

Type of Angles? <u>Corresponding</u>
This means they are <u>Congruent</u>



$$5x - 104 = 2x - 8$$

$$3x - 104 = -8$$

$$3x = 96$$

$$x = 32$$

Top angle:  $5 \cdot 32 - 104 = 56^{\circ}$ 

Bottom angle:  $2 \cdot 32 - 8 = 56^{\circ}$ 

Check: They're the same!

#### HOMEWORK

- Finish the worksheet
- Part of this assignment is to check your answers with a different color using my website. It will remind you to do this at the end of the worksheet.

It is extreeeeeeeeeeeemely important that you do this. We will not have much time to go over it on Wednesday before the quiz!!!