

Created by Mr. Lischwe

Warmup 1/(# of days we have had so far in 2020,
including today)



WELCOME BACK!!! 😊



**GET A NEW WARMUP SHEET AND COMPLETE
TUESDAY'S PROBLEMS! WHEN YOU FINISH,
ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS SOMEWHERE IN
THE MARGINS!**

1. Write about your Christmas break. Places you went, fun things you did, memorable moments, presents you got or gave, etc.
2. Find your 2nd 9 weeks goal from the goals cabinet and take it down. Write down what your goal is, and whether or not you met it.

ABOUT THE WARMUPS THIS SEMESTER...

A video...

- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=D9aXaAHJkKA>
- Why did I show you this???

• **BE LIKE OLAF. DON'T QUIT.**



REMINDERS: TAPE & DESKS

- Desks should be **INSIDE** the tape, not on top of it
- Edge of tape = edge of row
- 6th period = remember to pull the desks apart so that our custodian can sweep in between them. 2nd period will put them back.
- The labels should always be on the inside corner of the desks. They go in this order – the same as the quadrants on a graph:

2	1
3	4

Restroom Passes

- Small prizes for unused passes
- Turn them in SOON if you still have them from last 9 weeks
- **NON-TRANSFERRABLE!!!**

TABLE OF CONTENTS: 2ND SEMESTER

Geometry Basics

(No page, see foldable!)

NEW TEXTBOOKS!

Keep them in your locker!

We will use them SLIGHTLY more than we did last semester.

SSMV

**OBJECTIVE:
UNDERSTAND THE
BASICS OF GEOMETRY
(16.1 AND 16.2)**

WHAT IS THE DIFFERENCE
BETWEEN A POINT, A LINE,
AND A PLANE?

Points, Lines, Planes

pg. 775

- A **point** is a specific location. It has no dimension and is represented by a dot.



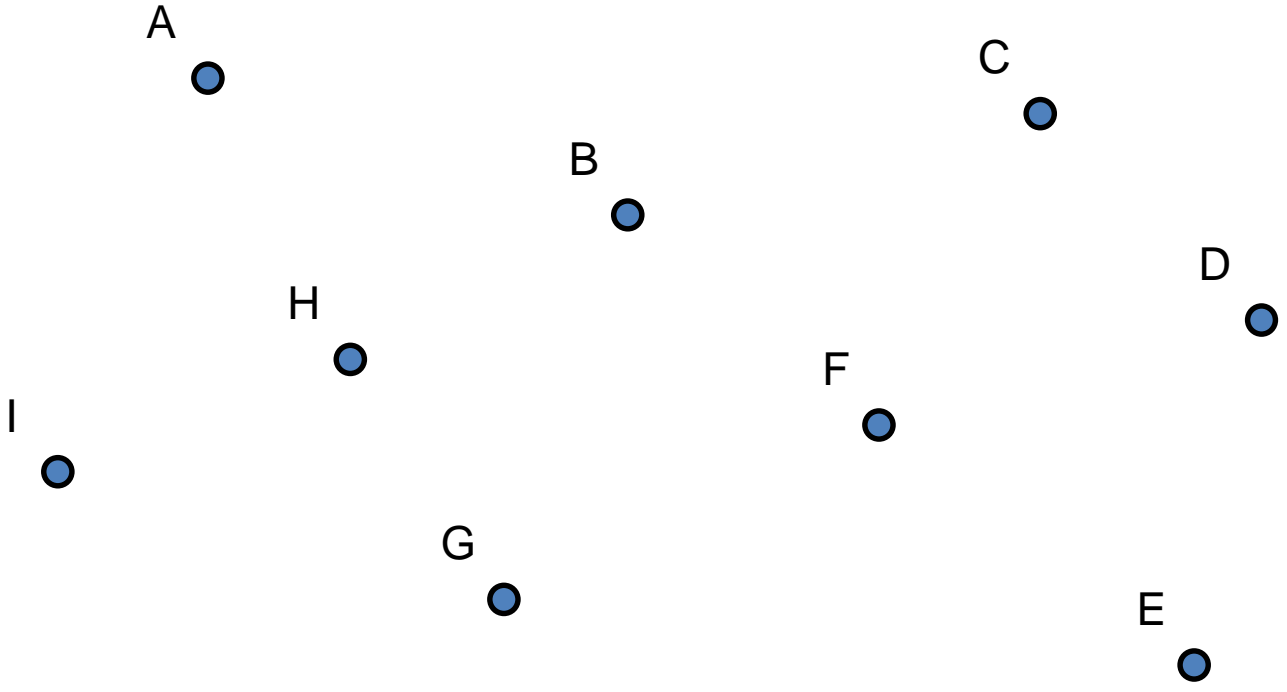
- A **line** is a connected straight path. It has no thickness and it *continues forever* in both directions.



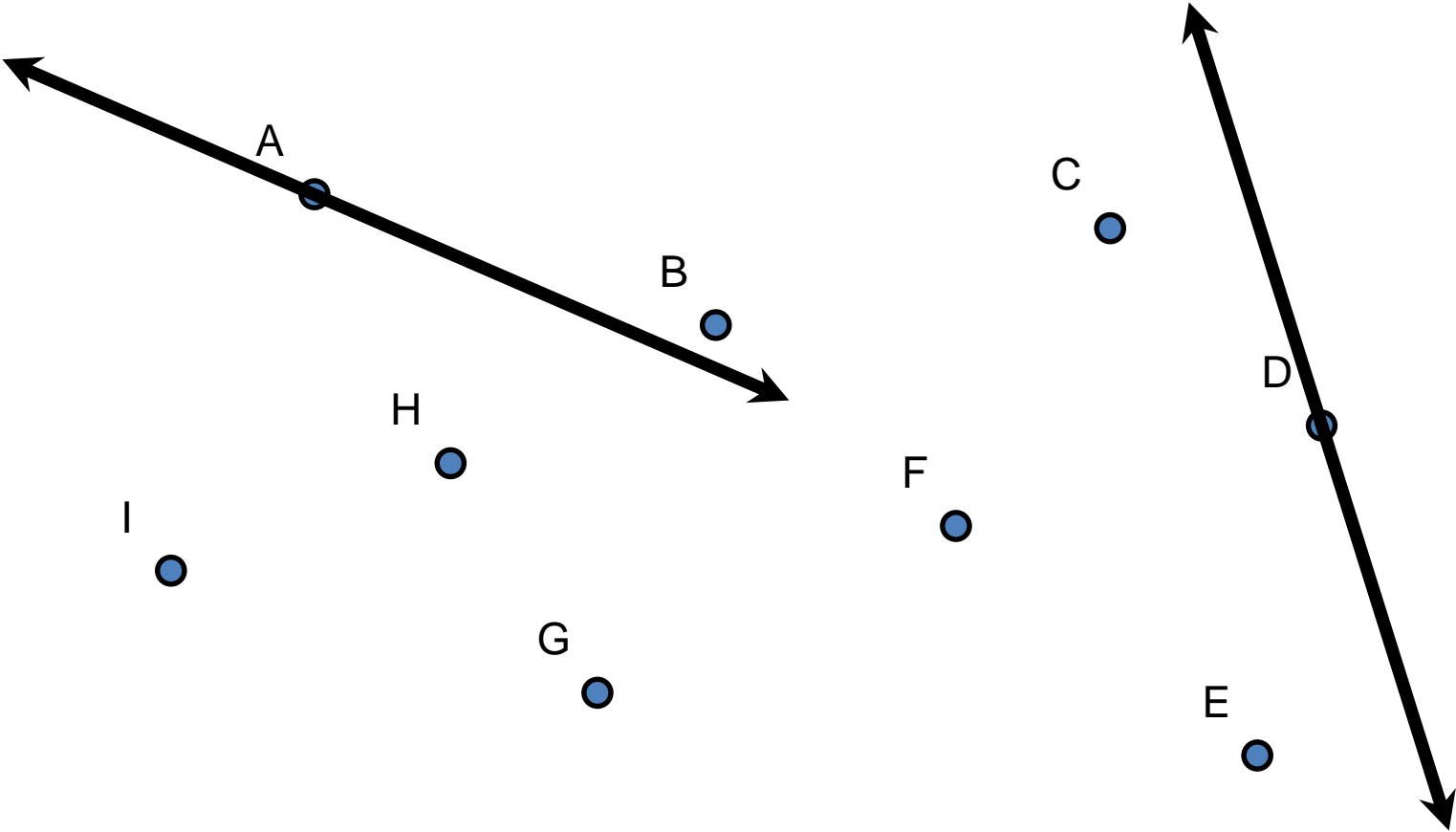
- A **plane** is a flat surface. It has no thickness and it *extends forever* in all directions.



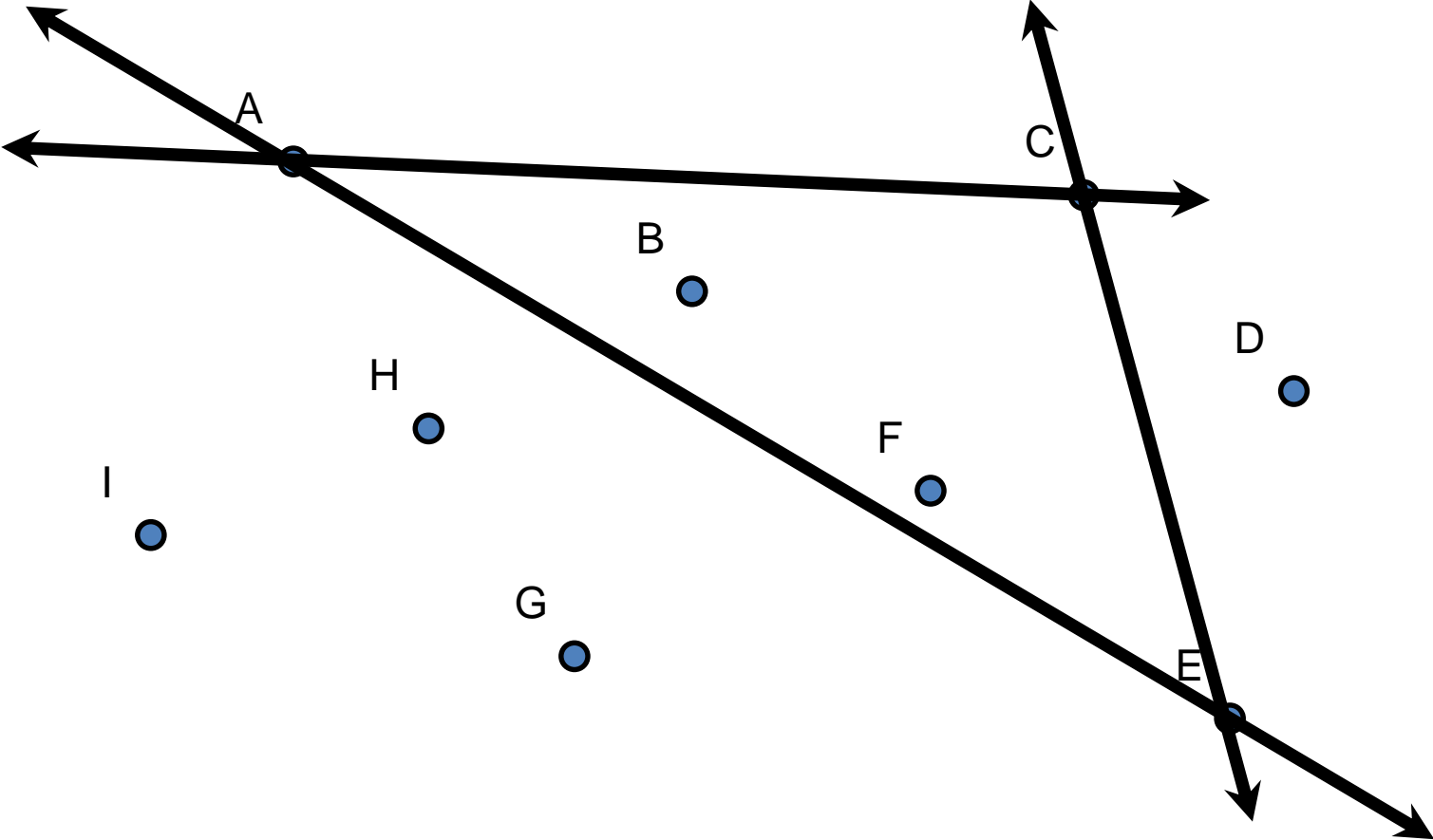
Naming Points



Lines



Naming Lines

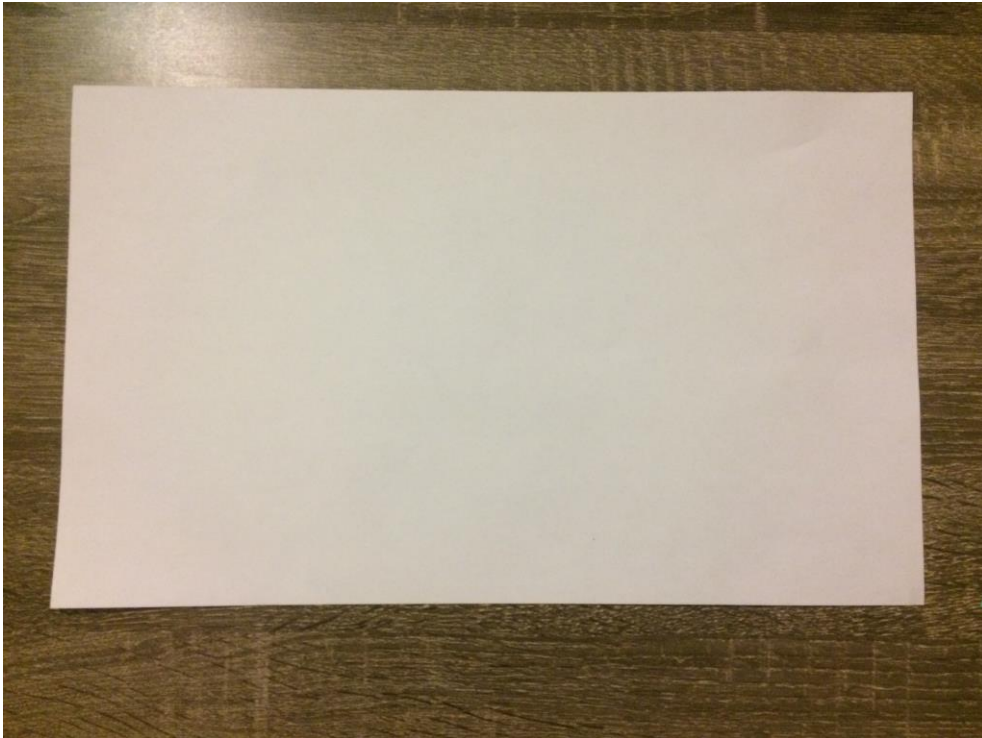


Planes

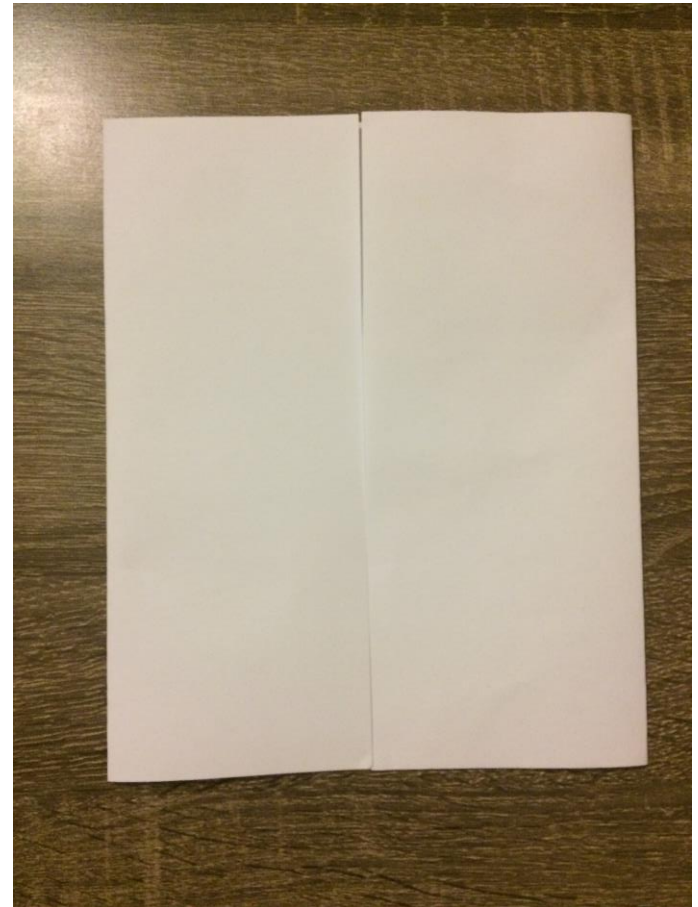
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=k5etrWdIY6o>

Foldable

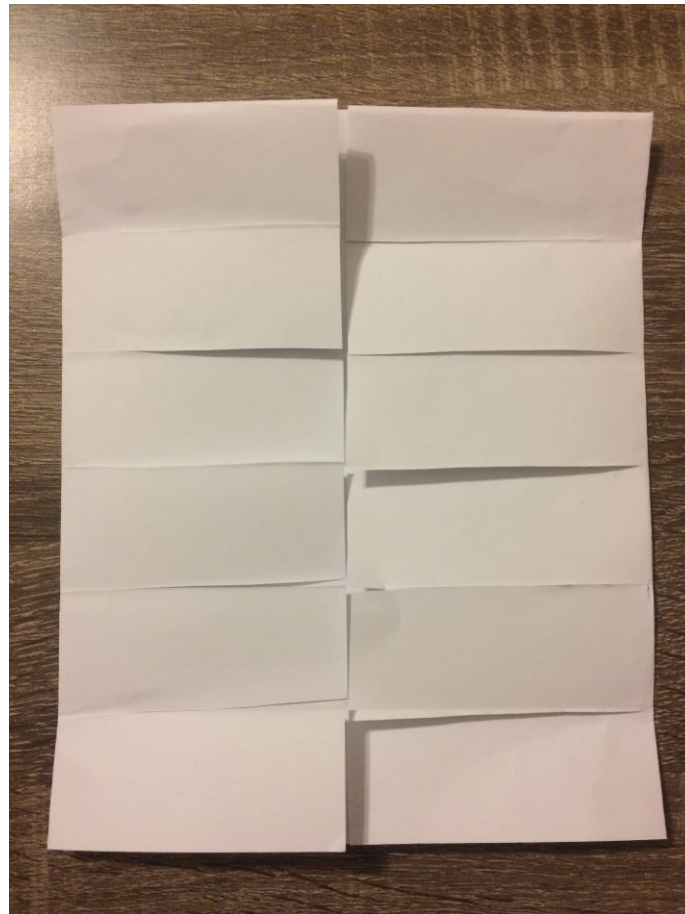
1) Put your paper in landscape orientation.



2) Fold both sides to the middle. (You can crease the middle first so you know where the middle is)



**3) There is a flap on each side. Cut each flap into six equal sections. (Try to make them as equal as possible.)
ONLY CUT THE TOP LAYER!!!**



On each flap we will have:

- The word
- The definition
- A picture
- The symbols for how to name it

point

Coplanar

line

midpoint

plane

Segment bisector

line segment

angle

ray

angle bisector

Collinear

postulate

Homework

- Benchmark