## Created by Mr. Lischwe

## Warmup $8 /(2+3+4$ or $4+5)$

I. Find your orange sheet and get it out. Rip/cut off the rubric. Put it in the tray.
2. Please get with your group. Finalize your poster. Make sure you have your names on it somewhere. Make sure each group member understands and can explain every rule.
3. ***Check your poster to see how big the examples are. (Could people see them from the back?) If they are too small, you will need to write some examples on a giant whiteboard for your presentation. (Or you can write them really fast on the whiteboard in front during your presentation.)

## Presentations

## Expectations for Presenters

- The entire group needs to go up to the front.
- Don't just read your poster to us. Teach us your rule in your own words, so that we understand.
- I would like everybody to speak, so I may ask questions to different group members.


## Expectations for the Audience

- SHOW RESPECT.Absolutely no talking during other presentations.
- Listen carefully and ask questions if you are unclear about something they are saying.
- Snaps if a group shares a rule you think is especially good!


## Some more consecutive sums

## patterns...

## Odd number + odd number...

## $5+11$



## Even number + odd number...

$4+5$


## Odd + Even + Odd...

## $7+8+9 \ldots$



## Even + Odd + Even...

$4+5+6 \ldots$


## What about 3 evens + 2 odds?

- $2+3+4+5+6$



## Pattern for adding 2 numbers, 3 numbers, 4 numbers...

| $I+2=3$ | $\\|+2+3=6$ | $I+2+3+4=10$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $2+3=5$ | $2+3+4=9$ | $2+3+4+5=14$ |
| $3+4=7$ | $3+4+5=12$ | $3+4+5+6=18$ |
| $4+5=9$ | $4+5+6=15$ | $4+5+6+7=22$ |
| $5+6=\\| \\|$ | $5+6+7=18$ | $5+6+7+8=26$ |
| $6+7=13$ | $6+7+8=2 \\|$ | $6+7+8+9=30$ |

## If you don't repeat any addends...

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
1+2=3 & 1+2+3=6 \\
3+4=7 & 4+5+6=15 \\
5+6=111 & 7+8+9=24 \\
7+8=15 & 10+11+12=33 \\
9+10=19 & 13+14+15=42 \\
11+12=23 & 16+17+18=51
\end{array}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1+2+3+4=10 \\
& 5+6+7+8=26 \\
& 9+10+11+12=42 \\
& 13+14+15+16=58 \\
& 17+18+19+20=74 \\
& 21+22+23+24=90
\end{aligned}
$$

4 numbers:
Sums
increase by
16

## 6 numbers...

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathbf{I O}+\mathbf{I I}+\mathbf{I 2}+\mathbf{I} \mathbf{3}+\mathbf{I 4}+\mathbf{I} \mathbf{5}=75 \\
& +1 \downarrow+1 \downarrow+1 \downarrow+1 \downarrow+1 \downarrow+1 \downarrow \\
& 11+12+13+14+15+16=\text { ? }
\end{aligned}
$$

$10+11+12+13+14+15=75$
$11+12+13+14+15+16=?$

A SHORTCUT for adding 3 consecutive numbers...
$21+22+23$
2222
$7+8+9$
$8 \quad 8$
$199+200+20 \mid$

Just take the middle number times 3 !

A SHORTCUT for adding 5 consecutive numbers... $1+2+3+4+5$
$8+g+10+\not 110+\nmid 2$
1010 10 10

Just take the middle number times 5 !

## Would it work for 6 numbers? <br> $3+4+5+6+7+8$

$$
15+16+17+18+19+20
$$

## Last pattern: impossible numbers

I: Impossible
2: Impossible
3: | +2
4: Impossible
5: $2+3$
6: | $+2+3$
7: $3+4$
8: Impossible
9: $4+5,2+3+4$
l0: | + 2 + $3+4$
II:5+6
12:3+4+5
13: $6+7$
$14: 2+3+4+5$
| $5: 7+8,4+5+6, \|+2+3+4+5$
16: Impossible
17: 8 + 9
18: $5+6+7,3+4+5+6$
19: $9+10$
20: $2+3+4+5+6$
$21: 110+\| \|, 6+7+8,1+2+3+4+5+6$ 22: 4 + $5+6+7$
23: ||| $\mid$ | 2
24: 7 + 8 + 9
25: $\|2+\| 3,3+4+5+6+7$
26: $5+6+7+8$
27: $13+\|4,8+9+\| 0,2+3+4+5+6+7$
28: $\|+2+3+4+5+6+7$
29: | $4+1 \mid 5$
30: $9+10+111,6+7+8+9,4+5+6+7+8$
31: | 5 + | 6
32: Impossible
33: || $6+\| 7,10+||| | 2,3+4+5+6+7+8$
34: $7+8+9+10$
35: $17+18,5+6+7+8+9,2+3+4+5+6+7+8$
36: \|\| \| \| $2+\| 3,1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8$
37: $18+19$
38: 8 + 9 + 10 + 11
39: $19+20,12+\|3+\| 4.4+5+6+7+8+9$ 40: $6+7+8+9+10$

## Impossible numbers

- The ONLY numbers that are impossible to get from consecutive sums are:
- I, 2, 4, 8, I6, 32, 64, I28, 256, ...
- Crazy, right?


## Group Work Evaluations

## HOMEWORK:

- Consecutive sums bonus task
- Really try to think about it. Don't try to do something really basic that won't be right.
- Remember, the "teach your parents" sheet is due Monday.

