## Created by Mr. Lischwe

## Warmup $2 /\left(4^{2}+\sqrt{4}+4^{0}\right)$

PLEASE DO TUESDAY'S WARMUP!!! Early finishers can try Friday.
1)

| $\mathbf{x}$ | $\mathbf{y}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 16 |
| 2 | 22 |
| 3 | 28 |
| 4 | 36 |
| 5 | 44 |

2) 

| $\mathbf{x}$ | $\mathbf{y}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 35 |
| 3 | 30 |
| 6 | 25 |
| 8 | 20 |
| 10 | 15 |

3) 

| $\mathbf{x}$ | $\mathbf{y}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| -2 | -7 |
| -1 | -3 |
| 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 5 |
| 2 | 9 |

4) 

| $\mathbf{x}$ | $\mathbf{y}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 5 |
| 4 | 10 |
| 6 | 15 |
| 8 | 20 |
| 10 | 25 |

5) 

| $\mathbf{x}$ | $\mathbf{y}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 30 |
| 2 | 28 |
| 3 | 26 |
| 4 | 24 |
| 7 | 18 |

6) One of these relationships is proportional. Which one is it, and how do you know?

# Today is the deadline for Corrections/Extra Practice for the Exponents Test! 

## Table of Contents ( $2^{\text {nd }}$ Semester)

p. 1 Exponent Basics (1.2)
p. 2 Zero and Negative Exponents (1.5)
p. 3 Multiplying and Dividing Powers (1.3)
p. 4 Power to a Power (1.4)
p. 5 Scientific Notation (1.6)
p. 6 Calculating with Scientific Notation (1.7)
p. 7 Angle Basics
p. 8 Angles formed by Parallel Lines
p. 9 Angle Sums of a Triangle (Guided)
p. 10 Transformations (6.1-6.3)
p. 11 Rotations (Handout)

## ***GET OUT YOUR PIECE OF TRACING PAPER FROM YESTERDAY!!!***

## Rotations on the Coordinate Plane - WITH Patty Paper

- ON GRAPH 2 :
- Rotate triangle CAT $180^{\circ}$ counterclockwise.
- Use patty paper to trace the triangle and the $\mathbf{x}$ - and $\mathbf{y}$-axis.
- Turn the patty paper $180^{\circ}$ counterclockwise until the $x$ - and $y$ axis line up again.
- Write down the new coordinates of $\mathrm{C}^{\prime}, \mathrm{A}^{\prime}$, and $\mathrm{T}^{\prime}$ somewhere or memorize their locations.
- Remove the patty paper and draw your new triangle using those coordinates.



# Rotations on the Coordinate Plane - WITH Patty Paper 

- ON GRAPH \#3:
- Rotate triangle DOG $180^{\circ}$ counterclockwise.
- BEFORE YOU DO ANYTHING: predict where you think the triangle will end up! Draw in your prediction.
- Use the patty paper to perform the rotation.



# Rotations on the Coordinate Plane - WITH Patty Paper 

- ON GRAPH \#4:
- Rotate rectangle RECT $270^{\circ}$ counterclockwise.
- BEFORE YOU DO ANYTHING: predict where you think the triangle will end up! Draw in your prediction.
- Use the patty paper to perform the rotation.



## Rotations WITHOUT Patty Paper

- GRAPH \#5
- We are going to rotate triangle NBA $90^{\circ}$ clockwise.
- **Strategy: Physically turn your paper so you can visualize exactly where it will end up!***

1. Turn your paper $90^{\circ}$ clockwise.
2. Look at point B. It is up 6 spaces and right 1 space.
3. Turn the paper back to its original position.
4. Count up 6 and right 1 and plot point $B^{\prime}$.
5. Repeat for points N and A .
6. Connect your new points and label them!


## General Strategy

- Physically turn the paper to visualize where the shape will be. Then turn the paper back and plot it exactly in that location!


## Rotations WITHOUT Patty Paper

- GRAPH \#6
- Draw this triangle: Z(2, -6); I(5, -5); P(6, -6)
- We are going to rotate this figure $90^{\circ}$ counterclockwise.
- **Strategy: Physically turn your paper so you can visualize exactly where it will end up!***

1. Turn your paper $90^{\circ}$ counterclockwise.
2. Look at point $Z$. It is right 4 spaces and up 4 spaces.
3. Turn the paper back to its original position.
4. Count right 4 and up 4 and plot point $Z^{\prime}$.
5. Repeat for points I and P.
6. Connect your new points and label them!


## Rotation Strategy

## Write these on your transformations notes page!

1. Turn the paper to see where the shape will end up.
2. Count squares from the origin to a vertex.
3. Turn the paper back to normal.
4. Count the same number of squares and plot the point.
5. Repeat for each vertex!
(There are several other strategies, but this is one of the easiest to understand!)

## Rotations WITHOUT Patty Paper

- GRAPH 7: Draw this triangle: H(-4, 2); E(-4, 5); Y(2, 5)
- Rotate it $180^{\circ}$ clockwise.



## Rotations WITHOUT Patty Paper

- GRAPH 8: Draw this quadrilateral: A(-5, 4); U(-2, 10); Q(-4, 8); D(-2, 4)
- Rotate it $270^{\circ}$ counterclockwise.

- Draw this triangle:

1. Rotate it $90^{\circ}$ clockwise about the origin. Label this triangle $A^{\prime} B^{\prime} C^{\prime}$.
2. Rotate it $90^{\circ}$ MORE clockwise. Label this $A^{\prime \prime} B^{\prime \prime} C^{\prime \prime}$.
3. Rotate it $90^{\circ} \mathrm{MORE}$ clockwise. Label this $A^{\prime \prime \prime} B^{\prime \prime \prime} C^{\prime \prime \prime}$.


## Homework

***COPY THESE INSTRUCTIONS BELOW THE GRAPHS***

## Do all WITHOUT patty paper.

1) Rotate the trapezoid $90^{\circ}$ counterclockwise.
2) Rotate the triangle $27 \mathbf{0}^{\circ}$ counterclockwise.
3) Rotate the figure $180^{\circ}$.
